

# OHIO LEGISLATURE.

## IN SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 23, 1844.

Mr. Parker introduced a bill providing for the reduction of Sheriff's fees, in cases of persons living confined in jail.

Mr. Allen introduced a bill to abolish the office of Directors of the Ohio Penitentiary.

Mr. Koch introduced a bill to fix and apportion the representation of the State of Ohio, and the bill was ordered to be printed in advance of other printing.

Mr. Van Vorhes offered a resolution providing for the election of two Associate Judges for the county of Meigs, on Saturday next.

Mr. Wolcott moved the Senate resolve itself into a committee of the whole.

Mr. Van Vorhes said he would be glad to hear the objections which members had to going into an election for judges of his or any other county. In his resolution he had confined himself to his own county, and he claimed as a right that his constituents should be heard, and their constitutional demands granted by the Legislature.

The question was then put on going into committee of the whole, and carried in the affirmative—yeas 17, nays 15, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Armstrong, Baldwin, Franklin, Harris, Hazeltine, Johnson of C., Johnson of P., Jones, Koch, Lahm, Loudon, Miller, McAnelly, McCutchen, Parker, Watters, Wolcott and Spenker—17.

NAYS—Messrs. Barnett, Barrere, Chambers, Crouse, Denny, Eckley, Fuller, Gabriel, Gregory, Jackson, Kelley, Newton, Ridgway, Updegraff and Van Vorhes—15.

The Senate then went into committee of the whole, and considered various bills, which were reported back and disposed of at the pleasure of the Senate.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Clark, the bill to correct the new county of Chester, was taken up, the question being on its engrossment for a third reading.

A discussion arose, in which Messrs. Clark, Cassidy, Sprague and Fison, participated in favor of the bill, and Messrs. Downing and Combs, in opposition to it.

Mr. Combs moved to lay the bill on the table, in order that remonstrances against the measure, now in circulation, may be received before final action shall be had thereon, which was agreed to—yeas 34, nays 32.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, JAN. 22, 1844.

Bills passed—A bill to incorporate the Sullivan High School Company in the county of Lucas; an act to incorporate the Trustees of the Fort Meigs University; an act to incorporate the Middletown and Hamilton Turnpike Road Company; an act to provide for the distribution of the proceeds of the Virginia Military School Fund, and to repeal certain acts in relation thereto.

Petitions, Remonstrances, &c., were presented by Messrs. McMillan, Downing, Fison, Claypoole, Martin of Fayette, Green, Wilcox, Carle, Carey, Waggoner, Lawrence, Johns, McFarland, Fisher, Cassidy, Smart, Hewitt, and Hetrich.

Mr. Duncan from the Committee on Finance, reported in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill to amend the act entitled "an act for the distribution and investment of this State's proportion of the surplus revenue"—the House refused to postpone, and the bill was referred to a select committee of three.

Mr. Duncan, from the Committee on Finance, reported in favor of the passage of the bill to repeal the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th sections, and so much of the 10th section of the act entitled "an act to provide for the sale of the Monroeville and Sandusky City Railroad under the lion of the State, and to discharge the State of Ohio from all further liabilities to certain railroad companies therein named," passed March 11th, 1843.

The passage of the bill was advocated by Messrs. Duncan, Carey, Brand, and Riley, and opposed by Mr. Craighead.

Mr. Craighead moved the indefinite postponement of the bill—lost by a vote of 14 to 55; the bill was then laid upon the table.

The House took a recess.

## IN SENATE.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 1844.

Mr. Chambers moved that the State Printer be directed to print the report of the committee on Retrenchment in advance of other printing.

Mr. C. disclaimed any intention to censure the State Printer, but he was anxious to have the bill before the Senate as early as possible.

Some explanation was made in relation to the disposition that had been made of the bill, by Messrs. Hazeltine, Chambers and Baldwin, the last gentleman moving that the resolution be laid on the table.

During the debate, Mr. Updegraff stated that the minority of the committee had never seen the report before it was introduced into the Senate, and therefore the necessity of their having the report before they should present a counter report.

Mr. Parker addressed the Senate, and said that when the minority report should

be presented, it could be sent to the State Printer, and the reports of both the minority and majority of the committee, could be printed together. He was not in favor of giving the minority of the committee the benefit of the labors of the majority, in order that they might bring in a report, and for this reason he would oppose the resolution.

Mr. Updegraff referred to the course which the majority of the committee had pursued. The chairman had never called the committee together, and had made the report without ever having conferred with the minority. And now it was determined to keep back the report of the majority, until the minority should make their report—not only this, but it had been said that no elections should be gone into until this matter was disposed of. He deprecated such a course of legislation as this, as unjust to the minority, and as injurious to the best interests of the State, and disrespectful to the demands of the people.

Mr. Hazeltine warmly defended the course of the majority of the committee on retrenchment, and the State Printer from imputations which he alleged had been unjustly cast upon them by the minority.

Mr. Jones moved the Senate adjourn until Monday morning, which was lost—yeas 10, nays 20.

A motion to take a recess was also lost—yeas 10, nays 20.

The question was then put on laying the resolution offered by Mr. Chambers on the table, which was carried—yeas 17, nays 14.

[From the Daily Ohio State Journal.]  
PROCEEDINGS OF THE SABBATH CONVENTION.

In pursuance of previous notice, the Delegates assembled at Dr. Hoge's Church, at 2 o'clock, on the afternoon of Thursday, January 4th, 1844.

Rossar Lucas, of Pike county, was called to the chair, and P. B. Wilcox, of Columbus, was appointed Secretary, pro tem.

Prayer was then offered by the Rev. Mr. Wilcox of Newark.

Messrs. Jewett, Moodie, Stearns, Powell, Eldredge and Candee, were then appointed a committee to receive the certificates of Delegates, and report their names to the Secretary.

On motion, Messrs. Eldredge, Miley, Dobb, Hisechock, Hulbert, Raguet, Ewart and Birney, were appointed a committee to nominate officers for the Convention. This Committee reported as follows, and their report was accepted:

PRESIDENT,  
Hon. JEREMIAH MORROW, of Warren County.

VICE PRESIDENTS,  
Hon. ROBERT LUCAS, of Pike county,  
Judge LANE, of Sandusky city,  
Judge J. R. SWAN, of Columbus.

SECRETARIES,  
S. E. Mc CORMACK, of Fairfield county,  
Judge HITCHCOCK, of Geauga county,  
SAMUEL CALDWELL, of Warren county.

And the officers then took their seats.

The President then announced to the Convention the object of their coming together, namely: To consider upon, and devise suitable Ways and Means for a more sacred observance of the Lord's Day.

On motion, it was  
Resolved, That this Convention will open and close all its sittings by Prayer.

On motion, Messrs. J. Hoge, Raguet, Powell, Herr, Ewart, Hisechock, Jarvis, Beckwith and Steele were appointed a Business Committee, to prepare and report Measures for the consideration and action of the convention.

The Business committee reported the following Rules, which were agreed to:

1. The convention shall be governed by the ordinary Rules of deliberative Bodies.

2. No member shall speak more than once, nor longer than ten minutes on any question without leave.

The Business committee then reported the following Resolutions:

1. That because the Sabbath was made for man, not man for the Sabbath, therefore it is our solemn duty to keep this divine institution inviolate.

2. The Providence of God clearly shows that a day of rest is necessary to the physical welfare of men and domestic animals employed in labor.

3. The economy of Grace fully sustains the principle, that rest from labor, and employment in religious service, on one entire day in seven, is essential to the existence and prevalence of true Religion.

4. The observance of the Christian Sabbath is in no sense injurious to the civil and political arrangements and constitution of our country; but, on the contrary, would greatly promote the public welfare in every respect.

5. The interests of commerce, and of all the channels through which it flows, throughout our country, do not forbid, but require the faithful and universal observance of the Sabbath.

6. All friends of this institution, and especially every christian denomination ought to use their best efforts, with untiring assiduity and perseverance, to arrest the progress of Sabbath desecration, and promote the observance of this day, by moral means employed with a Christian spirit and temper.

These Resolutions being read, the convention took a recess until 4 o'clock in the evening.

In the evening the convention was addressed by Drs. Beecher and Going, Mr. Cox and others on the 1st 3d and 5th of the foregoing resolutions, and the same were passed unanimously.

After Prayer by Dr. Beecher, the convention adjourned till Friday morning, 9 o'clock.

FRIDAY MORNING, 9 O'CLOCK.  
The convention met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Findley.

A number of Resolutions were offered, and referred to the Business committee.

The convention then proceeded to consider the 3d, 4th, and 5th, of the foregoing Resolutions; the 2nd and 4th were passed; the 6th was spoken to with great earnestness and feeling, by Drs. Hoge, Beecher, and Going, Governor Lucas, Dr. Smith, Mr. Findley and many others; and, on motion, it was passed by a standing vote, all the convention simultaneously rising.

The convention then took a recess of an hour and a half. After a recess the convention met, and the Business committee reported further resolutions, which, after some amendment, were adopted, as follows:

7. That it be recommended to all Christian Ministers in this State to instruct their congregations on the observance of the Sabbath, once or oftener, as they may deem expedient, during the year; and in those places where it may be done with propriety, it is recommended that the several ministers and congregations unite in the service, at stated times.

8. That the practice which has for many years prevailed, of commencing the several terms of our court on Monday has afforded an excuse for judges, jurors, parties, witnesses and others having business with those tribunals, to violate the Sabbath, by travelling on that day; and in the opinion of this convention, the times for holding our courts should be so arranged that there may be no occasion for any one connected with them to devote the Sabbath or any part thereof in going to or returning from them.

9. That this convention regard the efforts which have been made, and are now contemplated, to secure the better observance of the Sabbath, by holding conventions and otherwise, with great interest; and they heartily concur in the great principles thus maintained, and trust these principles will be held fast and propagated with a christian spirit until they shall become the public sentiment of the community.

10. That the employment of an agent and of suitable missionary labor among foreigners is highly important in the advancement of this cause, and that it is desirable a society should be formed in this State to have supervision of their operations.

11. That a committee of eleven be appointed to correspond with the friends of the cause in the State and elsewhere; and that this committee have power to call another Sabbath convention; and thereupon the following persons were appointed that committee:

P. B. Wilcox, Rev. J. Hoge, Rev. J. Miley, Rev. D. Eldridge, S. M. Smith, of Columbus; J. Raguet, of Zanesville; A. Seymour, of Cleveland; C. G. Swaine, of Dayton; William Jeff, Nath Sawyer, H. Miller, of Cincinnati.

Dr. Matthews was excused from further attendance on the convention, and Mr. Ewart was appointed Secretary in his place.

A recess was then taken by the convention till 6 o'clock in the evening.

At 6 o'clock in the evening, the convention again met, and the Business committee reported further Resolutions, which, after amendment, were adopted, as follows:

12. That the most effectually method of securing the general and faithful observance of the law of the Sabbath, throughout the State, and the whole Union, is consistent conduct on the part of the friends of the Sabbath, both in performing the duties of that day, and conscientiously refraining from the violation of it, by transacting secular business, travelling or otherwise; thus adding to the force of truth, the power of example.

13. That this convention express its decided opinion that any law or construction of law which may authorize the violation of the Sabbath, by requiring the numerous persons employed on public works, to transact secular business on that day, is contrary to religious precepts, injurious to public morality, and exceedingly hurtful to this important class of our fellow citizens.

14. That the cordial thanks of this convention be tendered to those editors who have published in their papers respectively the call of this convention, and that the editors of all papers, both religious and political, be requested to publish the proceedings of this convention, for the information of their readers.

15. That a committee of three be appointed to prepare an Address, in behalf of this convention, on the better observance of the Sabbath; Dr. Beecher, Mr. Powell and Mr. Wilcox were appointed that committee.

16. That the thanks of this convention be presented to the Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of Columbus, for the use of their house, and to the citizens of Columbus, for their kindness in entertaining the delegates to this convention.

The President and Vice Presidents then tendered their respects to the convention, and so, after thanksgiving to God and prayer for His blessing, by Dr. Hoge, the convention adjourned, without day.

JEREMIAH MORROW, President.  
P. B. WILCOX, Secretary.  
T. W. EWART, Secretary.

WEALTH OF VERMONT.—The Belows Falls Gazette in urging the importance of building a rail-road to connect that State with the Boston market, states that copperas has been made at Shrewsbury to the amount of 800 tons annually, and that its manufacture has only been suspended on account of the expense of transportation to market. One individual in Cavendish, for some years past has furnished starch made from potatoes to the amount of 200 tons annually.

The following beautiful letter from Mr. CLAY, is extracted from the Philadelphia Enquirer. It is a reply by him to a communication from the Walnut Ward Clay Club—a noble tribute to a gallant State.

ASHLAND, Dec. 8, 1843.

DEAR SIR—If my acknowledgment of your communication, as the organ of the Walnut Ward Clay Club, has the appearance of tardiness, I pray you nevertheless to believe, and to assure the Club, that my heart was deeply penetrated with gratitude and thankfulness for the friendly sentiments towards me which it conveyed. The time is rapidly approaching when I may have to announce a definite determination, whether I shall give my consent or not, to the use of my name as a candidate for the high office which the Walnut Ward Club does me the honor to desire I should fill. In forming my opinion on that question, if I should be called upon to decide it, I shall give due weight to the supposed wishes of a majority of my fellow-citizens, to my obligations of duty to my country, and to the desire of many associations of my friends and fellow-citizens which has been addressed to me, including that of the Walnut Ward Club. The next few months must bring forth important events, which will serve to enlighten us as to the future, and point out the course of duty. In the mean time, it is highly gratifying to witness the almost daily evidences of the concentration and consolidation of public opinion, on those great measures of Whig policy, to the establishment of which I have uniformly contributed my humble exertions. And no where have I witnessed these demonstrations with more sincere and heartfelt satisfaction, than in that great State, to which, many years ago, I gave the denomination of Keystone, in our noble Federal arch.

It is a remarkable fact, that from my first entry into public life to the present moment, I do not recollect that I have ever differed with Pennsylvania on any great measure or principle of National policy, in peace or war. I have had the misfortune to differ with her in respect to the election of distinguished men to high office, and under like circumstances, I should differ from her again; and out of that difference I have been exposed with in the borders of Pennsylvania and elsewhere to much bitterness, misrepresentation, and misconception. I regretted it, but was constrained to endure it, trusting to time, the great purifier and corrector of error, to supply that remedy which I was unable to prescribe. But never for a moment did that difference of opinion between Pennsylvania and myself, abate or restrain any exertion which I had the power to make in the support of those measures of public policy, in which she felt so deep an interest. They were not, it is due to candor to say, solely on her account, but because it was my honest conviction, that those measures would greatly tend to promote both her prosperity and that of the Union. I remain with great respect,  
Your friend and obedient servant,  
HENRY CLAY.

## TO BE ELECTED.

The term of office of the following gentlemen, will shortly expire, devolving the duty of electing new ones, upon the present Legislature:

Joseph Whitehill, Treasurer of State.  
John Sloane, Secretary of State.  
Leander Ransom, Member of the Board of Public Works.

A. H. Patterson, Director of the Ohio Penitentiary.

Daniel McBan, Register of the Land Office at Maumee.

Van R Humphrey, President Judge, 3d Circuit.

Geo. W. Belden, do. do. 5th Circuit.  
Emery D. Potter, (resigned) do. do. 13th Circuit.

Also 28 Associate Judges.

AMERICAN CARRIAGES.—Lord Ashburton is much pleased with his Philadelphia wagon and harness. Another English gentleman has followed his example, and has received a wagon and harness from the same city. The Philadelphia Inquirer says:—"We have been favored with an opportunity of perusing the letter of the owner, written September 1st shortly after the receipt of the articles. He expresses himself in terms of admiration of the workmanship of the wagon, and above all, of the harness, declared to be the most finished production he ever examined. The writer said in England the cost of such a work would be enormous. The letter proceeded to say that the wagon was wonderfully light and easy, and that the writer is delighted with it."

Mr. Hutchins of Logan county, Illinois, lately killed a Berkshire hog that weighed 1400 pounds.

James Alfred Pearce, whig, is elected U. S. Senator from Maryland, and has taken his seat.

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of pl. pl. vend. ex. to me directed from the court of common pleas of Athens county, I will expose to sale at the residence of William Johnson, in Columbia township, on the 15th instant, between the hours prescribed by law, the following personal property, to wit: One roan mare, two 3 year old colts, and one bay horse. Levied upon as the property of said Johnson at the suit of Harvey Gilmore.

THOS SMITH, s & c.  
Feb 7, 1844—n15w2

## Meigs Common Pleas.

Bargilla M. Brown, Administrator of Aaron McHenry, deceased.

Petition to sell real estate.

Harman Gibson, & the heirs of Aaron McHenry, deceased.

TO Bartly McHenry, Samuel McHenry, James McHenry, Henry Clover and Mary Ann Clover, (formerly Mary Ann McHenry,) and others, heirs of said Aaron McHenry, deceased:

YOU are hereby notified that on the 10th day of November, 1843, said administrator filed his petition in the court of common pleas of Meigs county, Ohio, the object and prayer of which petition is to obtain an order at the next term of said court for the sale of the following real estate, (of which the said Aaron McHenry died seized,) or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts of said decedent, to wit: Beginning thirty rods north of the south-west corner of section twenty-nine in Scipio township; thence east fifty-two rods to a run; thence north up said run nineteen rods; thence east twenty-eight and a half rods; thence north one hundred and eleven rods to the centre line of said section; thence west seventy-five rods; thence south one hundred and thirty rods to the place of beginning, containing about forty-four acres more or less.

B. M. BROWN, Adm. of A. McHenry, deceased.  
By M. HECKARD, his Attorney.  
Feb 7th, 1844—n15w4

## LOOK OUT.

## Bargain Ahead!

THE subscriber being desirous of removing to the west, is offering for sale the farm on which he now lives, situated on the Ohio river 4 miles below Pomeroy, the county seat of Meigs county, Ohio, consisting of 108 acres of bottom land, first quality, with 50 acres of good upland timber. The bottom land is principally improved, on which is erected good and commodious buildings. The above described farm has for the last two years netted (notwithstanding the pressure of the times) between 5 & \$600 per annum, clear of all expenses, and will be sold with accommodating payments, at a price that will be better to the purchaser than money at 12 per cent interest.

U. LINDLY.  
Feb 7th, 1844—n15w6

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of pl. vend. ex. to me directed from the court of common pleas of Meigs county, I will offer for sale at the residence of Nathan Parkins, in Salem township, on the 21st instant, between the hours prescribed by law, the following described personal property, to wit: One bay horse and 100 four barrels. Levied upon as the property of said Parkins at the suit of William Ledlie, for the use of Milton Walker.

THOS SMITH, s & c.  
Feb 7th, 1844—n15w2

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of pl. fa. et. lev. to me directed from the court of common pleas of Meigs county, I will expose to sale on the premises of James Murphy in Scipio township, on the 23rd instant, between the hours prescribed by law, the following property to wit: Two yoke of Oxen. Said property levied upon as the property of said Murphy at the suit of Alfred Dunlap.

THOS SMITH, s & c.  
Feb 7th, 1844—n15w2

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of pl. vend. ex. to me directed from the court of common pleas of Meigs county, I will expose to sale at the residence of Peter Alechire, in Salem township, on the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock A M on said day, the following personal property, to wit: One bay horse, one bay mare, and two 3 year old heifers. Levied upon as the property of said Alechire at the suit of John F. Whitford.

THOS SMITH, s & c.  
Feb 7th, 1844—n15w2

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of vend. ex. to me directed from the court of common pleas of Meigs county, I will expose to sale at the residence of John Hutton, in the township of Salem, on the 20th instant, at 2 o'clock P M on said day, the following personal property, to wit: One bay horse, Levied upon as the property of the said Hutton at the suit of the State of Ohio.

THOS SMITH, s & c.  
Feb 7, 1844—n15w2

## ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF LAND.

WILL be offered for sale on the premises, on Saturday the 2nd day of March next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following described land to wit: Fifty acres of land out of the south east corner of the north east quarter of section number twenty-nine, in town four, and range twelfth of the Ohio company's purchase.

Terms—One-third cash in hand—one-third in one year, and the residue in two years, with interest from the day of sale. Appraised at \$300 00, subject to the widow's dower.

JOHN GILLILAND, Adm's of CHARLOTTE SQUIRES, & Squires.  
Jan. 31, 1844—n14w4

I will pay cash for 50 cords of Chesnut and Black Oak Bark delivered at my Tannery.  
W. BERGIN.  
Pomeroy, Jan. 31, 1844—n14w4